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09/774,675	02/01/2001	Arvin Weiss	56719.000005	3524
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Hunton & Williams			EXAMINER	
	N.W, Suite1200 C 20006-1109		VARNER, S	STEVE M
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3635	Ŕ
			DATE MAILED: 06/17/2003	$\mathcal{O}$

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	,	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	•	09/774,675	WEISS, ARVIN	WEISS, ARVIN	
•	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	•	
		Steve M Varner	3635		
- Period for	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover shee	t with the correspondence addr	ess	
	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL	Y IS SET TO EXPIRE:	3 MONTH(S) FROM		
THE M - Extens after S - If the p - If NO   - Failure - Any re	IAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 IX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply beriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing I patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may within the statutory minimum o will apply and will expire SIX (6) , cause the application to becom	y a reply be timely filed  f thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  MONTHS from the mailing date of this comi e ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.	
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 4/7/	103 .			
2a)⊠		is action is non-final.	`		
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allows		matters, prosecution as to the	merits is	
,	closed in accordance with the practice under on of Claims	•	•		
4)🖂	Claim(s) $1-61$ is/are pending in the application	1.			
4	a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	n from consideration.			
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-54</u> is/are rejected.				
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
•	Claim(s) <u>55-61</u> are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.			
	on Papers				
•	he specification is objected to by the Examine				
<sub>.</sub> 10)∐ T	he drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)  acce				
44) 🗆 🖚	Applicant may not request that any objection to the				
11)[	he proposed drawing correction filed on		disapproved by the Examiner.		
40\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	If approved, corrected drawings are required in re	. •			
,—	he oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	armiler.			
	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		0.0440(-) (-) (-)		
· · ·	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigr	n priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
·	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:				
	1. Certified copies of the priority document				
	2. Certified copies of the priority document				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Bu ee the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a	1)).	age	
14) 🗌 A	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	ic priority under 35 U.S	.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional a	pplication).	
-	☐ The translation of the foreign language procknowledgment is made of a claim for domest				
Attachment	_	•			
2) D Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _	5) 🔲 Notice	iew Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) e of Informal Patent Application (PTO-		

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01)

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 3-5, 7, 8, 32, 33, 35, 38, 43, 44, 46, 48-50, 53, 54, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hopkins, Jr.

Regarding claims 1, 3-5, 43, Hopkins, Jr. shows a plurality of peripheral frame members (A) defining a rectangular frame, a plurality of stud members (B), a first surface covering layer (C) substantially covering a first surface defined by the rectangular frame, and a second surface covering layer (D) substantially covering a second surface defined by the rectangular frame opposite the first surface. The rectangular frame may accommodate fasteners. Hopkins shows the panels as walls (E), roofs (F), or floors (G). (Fig. 15) Hopkins, Jr. shows a building configuration defining placement and attachment of the plurality of wall panels and the plurality of roof panels.

Hopkins, Jr. shows that within the rectangular frame there is one internal connection conduit (138) for a building subsystem preinstalled in the construction panel. (Fig. 16)

Regarding claim 7, Hopkins shows a door (H). (Fig. 15)

Regarding claim 8, Hopkins shows a surface device (I) and internal connection (J). (Fig. 15)

Regarding claims 32, 33, Hopkins, Jr. shows a first conduit (136) built into a first construction panel or additional construction panels and extending to a first edge of the

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first construction panel. Hopkins, Jr. shows a surface device (143) built into the first construction panel and functionally connected to the first conduit. Hopkins, Jr. shows a source (132) connected to the first conduit at the first edge of the first construction panel. (Fig. 16)

Regarding claim 35, Hopkins, Jr. shows a second conduit (133) within the first construction panel, extending to the first edge of the first construction panel, and functionally connected to the source (132). (Fig. 16)

Regarding claim 38, Hopkins, Jr. shows the first conduit (136) of the first construction panel extending to a second edge of the first construction panel. (Fig. 16)

Regarding claims 44, 46, Hopkins, Jr. shows a frame, insulation (I), an interior surface covering material (J), and a first exterior surface covering material (K). (Fig. 15)

Regarding claims 48-50, Hopkins, Jr. shows floor and ceiling panels and a bearing ledger (121). (Fig. 15)

Regarding claim 53, Hopkins, Jr. shows a marquee (H). (Fig. 15)

Regarding claim 54, Hopkins, Jr. shows a plurality of modular bays. (Fig. 15)

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2, 6, 9, 10, 12-19, 45, 47, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hopkins, Jr.

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Regarding claims 2, 6, Hopkins, Jr. shows the basic claimed structure. Hopkins, Jr. does not show compliance with building standards or sufficient material strength. It would have been an obvious design choice to comply with building standards and have sufficient material strength since this would enable the invention to be erected commercially.

Regarding claim 9, Hopkins, Jr. shows the basic claimed structure. Hopkins, Jr. does not show plates and fasteners. Plates and fasteners are well known in the art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the present invention was made to employ plates and fasteners in the connection of the panel to adjacent building structures.

Regarding claim 10, Hopkins, Jr. shows the basic claimed structures. Its dimensions are an obvious design choice for desired use.

Regarding claims 12-19, the claimed methods are the obvious methods of using Hopkins, Jr.'s apparatus for and method of constructing transporting and erecting a structure of two or more stories comprised of a plurality of prefabricated core modules and panelized room elements.

Regarding claim 45, Hopkins, Jr. external walls do not show a second exterior surface covering. It is well known in the art to have a second exterior surface covering. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to put an extra surface covering on the external walls to give added protection.

Regarding claim 47, Hopkins, Jr. shows the basic claimed structure. Hopkins, Jr. does not show compliance with building codes. Compliance with building codes is well

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known in the art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the present invention was made to comply with building codes in order to get the structure built.

Claims 20-24 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roberts.

Regarding claim 20, Roberts shows a junction box (54) within the construction panel. (Fig. 1) Roberts does not show a surface device for a wire-based subsystem built into at least one construction panel connected electrically to the junction box. It is well known in the art to connect a surface device electrically to the junction box. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the present invention was made to use a surface device electrically connected to the junction box in the structure of Roberts since one would have an electric appliance conveniently located in the construction panel. Roberts show a guide conduit (72) within the construction panel and extending from the junction box to an edge of the construction panel. (Fig. 7)

Regarding claim 21, Roberts shows a sill member (72) engaging the construction panel and a base structure (12) and defining a channel for accommodating at least a portion of the connecting wire. (Fig. 7)

Regarding claim 22, Roberts shows an opening for accessing the junction box. (Fig. 1)

Regarding claim 23, Roberts shows the basic claimed structure. Roberts does not show a switch connected to an electrical fixture. Switches connected to electrical

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fixtures are well known in the art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the present invention was made to use a switch connected to an electrical fixture in the structure of Roberts since switches can turn on and off electrical fixtures.

Regarding claim 24, Roberts shows the junction box including an electrical box (54) and a plurality of connecting wires including a source wire and at least one connecting wire. (Fig. 1)

Claim 25-31, is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roberts in view of Stein.

Roberts shows the basic claimed structure. Roberts does not show the surface device and junction box including a subsystem control hub and a plurality of connecting wires electrically connected to other construction panels. Stein shows a subsystem control hub. (Fig. 15.2) It is well known in the art to have a plurality of connecting wires electrically connected to other construction panels form the subsystem control hub with surface devices and junction boxes.

Regarding claims 26-31, the claimed methods are the obvious methods of installing Roberts in view of Stein's reinforced foam block wall.

Claims 36, 37, 39-42, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hopkins, Jr. in view of Stein.

Regarding claims 36, 37, Hopkins, Jr. shows the basic claimed structure.

Hopkins, Jr. does not show the source of the mechanical system is an HVAC unit as an outdoor unit with the second conduit functionally connected to the outdoor unit and the

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first conduit of the first construction panel. Stein shows an outdoor HVAC unit with the second conduit functionally connected to the outdoor unit and the first conduit of the first construction panel. (Fig. 7.37) It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use an outside HVAC unit in the structure of Hopkins, Jr. since this would save space in the building.

Regarding claims 39-42, the claimed methods are the obvious methods of installing Hopkins, Jr. modified by Stein's apparatus for and method of constructing, transporting and erecting structure of two or more stories comprised of a plurality of prefabricated core modules and panelized room elements.

Claim 51 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hopkins, Jr. in view of Borges.

Hopkins, Jr. shows the basic claimed structure. Hopkins, Jr. does not show a mechanical building subsystem pre-installed. Borges shows a mechanical building subsystem pre-installed. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the present invention was made to use a mechanical building subsystem as in Borges in the structure of Hopkins, Jr. to provide for the mechanical needs of the building.

Claim 52 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hopkins, Jr. in view of Roberts.

Hopkins, Jr. shows the basic claim structure. Hopkins, Jr. does not show a wire-based building subsystem. Roberts shows a wire-based building subsystem. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the present invention

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was made to have a wire-based building subsystem as in Roberts in the structure of Hopkins, Jr. to provide electricity for lighting.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Barenburg reveals a method of installing piping, ducts, and conduits in a prefabricated framed wall for building structure and partition made thereby. Haworth et al. shows a wall panel with prewired power system.

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 4/7/03 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that the panels of the instant invention are usually much smaller compared with the size of a room.

The size of the construction panels has not been claimed.

Applicant argues that the instant invention is designed and configured to accommodate at least one internal connection conduit for a building subsystem preinstalled in the construction panel.

Hopkins is designed and configured to accommodate at least one internal connection conduit for a building subsystem preinstalled in the construction panel.

Applicant argues that the instant invention shows efficient and flexible connections in the subsystems among neighboring elements.

Efficient and flexible connections in the subsystems among neighboring elements are not claimed.

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Hopkins shows connections in the subsystems among neighboring elements. (Col. 12, Line 45-50)

Applicant argues that the building subsystem preinstalled in the construction panel, as in the present invention, can be far more sophisticated than simple passageways.

The complexity of the internal connection conduit for a building subsystem preinstalled in the construction panel is not claimed.

#### Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Steve M Varner whose telephone number is 703 308-1894. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30-4:30.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Carl D Friedman can be reached on 703 308-0839. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703 305-7687 for regular communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703 308-1113.

SV June 9, 2003 Carl D. Friedman
Supervisory Patent Examiner
Group 3600